

Material Safety Data Sheet

Durite® SD-1508

1. Product and company identification

Product name

Durite® SD-1508

MSDS Number

000000005257

Product Type

Phenolic Resin

Product use

Electronics

Manufacturer, Importer,

Supplier

Hexion Specialty Chemicals, Inc.

6210 Campground Road Louisville KY 40216

hazcom@hexion.com

Print date

08-JUN-2009

Telephone

For Emergency Medical Assistance

Call Health & Safety Information Services, 1-866-303-6949

For Emergency Transportation Information CHEMTREC US Domestic (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC International (703) 527-3887 CANUTEC CA Domestic (613) 996-6666

For additional health and safety or regulatory information, call 1 888-

4-Hexion.

The MSDS is not to be used as a specification sheet. For Specific technical information on any of the above products, a sales specification sheet should be obtained from your Hexion representative.

2. Hazards identification

Form

Solid

Odor

Slight phenolic

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview

DANGER!

COMBUSTIBLE DUST WHEN FINELY DIVIDED AND SUSPENDED IN AIR. FINE DUST CLOUDS MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES. PRODUCT CAN EXPLODE IF DUST CLOUD IS FORMED AND IGNITED. MINIMIZE AIRBORNE DUST. PREVENT DUST ACCUMULATION. ELIMINATE ALL FIRE/IGNITION SOURCES INCLUDING STATIC DISCHARES NEAR PRODUCT/PACKAGE. REFER TO HANDLING SECTION 7 OF THE MSDS FOR MORE INFORMATION. INHALATION AND MAY LEAD TO

DROWSINESS AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO

UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT

AND SKIN IRRITATION.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Slightly irritating to

the respiratory system.

Ingestion

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Skin

Slightly irritating to the skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Eyes

Irritating to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects

Contains material that can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs

Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: liver, central nervous system (CNS), Review Section 2 and 11 for any

additional assessments.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation

Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, respiratory tract irritation, coughing, headache, drowsiness/fatigue,

dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness,

Ingestion

Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, dizziness/vertigo, drowsiness/fatigue, headache, unconsciousness,

Skin

Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness,

Eves

Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering,

redness,

Medical conditions aggravated

by over-exposure

Pre-existing skin disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by

over-exposure to this product.

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Ingredient name

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol

CAS number 80-05-7 10.0 % 30.0

** Any applicable Canadian trade secret numbers will be listed in Section 15.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact Immedi

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove

any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Inhalation

Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first aid personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouthto-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wear gloves. If it is suspected that dust, vapor, mist or gas are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.

Notes to physician

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

5. Fire fighting measures

| Flammability | of the |
|---------------------|--------|
| product | |

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Combustible solid that burns. Eliminate all fire/ignition sources including static discharges near product/package. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces. sparks, and flame.

Extinguishing media Suitable

Use water spray or mist, dry chemical, foam or CO2.

Not suitable

Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fireexposed containers cool.

Hazardous combustion

products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes (including formaldehyde), hydrogen cyanide, phenol, other organic compounds, ammonia

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards

Organic powders when finely divided over a range of concentrations regardless of particulate size or shape and suspended in air or some other oxidizing medium may form explosive dust-air mixtures and result in a fire or dust explosion (including secondary explosions). The ATEX Directive defines combustible powders as less than 500 microns in diameter. When processed with flammable liquids/vapors/mists, ignitable (hybrid) mixtures may be formed with combustible dusts. Ignitable mixtures will increase the rate of explosion pressure rise and the MIE will be lower than the pure dust in air mixture. The Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) of the vapor/dust mixture will be lower than the individual LELs for the vapors/mists or dusts. See NFPA 77 for additional guidance.

6. Accidental release measures

Minimize airborne dust and eliminate all fire/ignition sources. Do not use air hoses for cleaning. Minimize dry sweeping to avoid generation of dust clouds. Vacuum dust-accumulating surfaces and remove to a chemical disposal area. Vacuums with explosion-proof motors should be used.

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Do not breathe dust, vapor, mist or gas.

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Vacuum material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

COMBUSTIBLE DUST HANDLING PROCEDURES:

Combustible dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air. High dust concentrations should be avoided. Follow US NFPA Standard 654, "Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids," UK HSE Guidance HSG 103, approved Codes of Practice (ACOPS) established for Explosive Atmospheres under the ATEX Directive 1999/92/EC for worker protection and ATEX Directive 94/9/EC that regulates equipment and protection systems used in potentially explosive atmospheres or other national guidance on safe handling of combustible dusts. Train workers in the recognition and prevention of hazards associated with combustible dust in the plant.

Minimize airborne dust and eliminate all ignition sources. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, and flame. Establish good housekeeping practices. Remove dust accumulations on a regular basis by vacuuming or gentle sweeping to avoid creating dust clouds. Use continuous suction at points of dust generation to capture and minimize the accumulation of dusts. Particular attention should be given to overhead and hidden horizontal surfaces to minimize the probability of a "secondary" explosion. According to NFPA Standard 654, dust layers 1/32 in.(0.8 mm) thick can be sufficient to warrant immediate cleaning of the area.

Control sources of static electricity. This product or the package itself can accumulate static charges, and static discharge can be a source of ignition. Solids handling systems must be designed in accordance with applicable NFPA standards (including 654 and 77) and other national guidance. Do not empty directly into flammable solvents or in the presence of flammable vapors. The operator, the packaging container and all equipment must be grounded with electrical bonding and grounding systems. Plastic bags and plastics cannot be grounded, and antistatic bags do not completely protect against development of static charges. Do not breathe dust, vapor, mist or gas.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks and flame. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Ingredient name</u> 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol Occupational exposure limits

ACGIH TLV 8-hr TWA 5 mg/m3

OSHA PEL 8-hr TWA 5 mg/m3 (respirable particulate)

OSHA PEL 8-hr TWA 15 mg/m3 (total dust)

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

In work areas meeting the criteria in 29 CFR 1910.132, it is recommended that employees wear flame resistant, non-static-generating clothing including safety shoes that are static dissipating. For PPE selection see National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 2113, Standard on Selection, Care, Use and Maintenance of Flame-Resistant Garments for Protection of Industrial Personnel Against Flash Fire.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form

Solid

Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature

Flammable limits

Not defined for solids Not available

Lower:

Not defined for solids (See MEC)

Upper:

Not defined for solids

Color Odor pΗ

Tan to brown Slight phenolic Not applicable

Boiling point

Not applicable

Melting point

Greater than 70 °C(158 °F)

Relative density

1.2

Vapor pressure Odor threshold

Not available Not available

Viscosity Solubility Dynamic - Not applicable

Partition coefficient: n-

Less than 10 %(V)

octanol/water

Not available

Evaporation rate Vapor density

Not applicable Not available

*Minimum Explosive

0.015 - 0.030 kg/m3 (typical value)

Concentration (MEC)

*Minimum Ignition Energy

(MIE)

2 - 10 mJ (typical range)

*Minimum Ignition Temperature (MIT) 450 - 650 °C (typical range)

*Minimum Ignition

350 - 540 °C (typical range)

Temperature - Laver

129 - 267 m.b /s

*Kst *Pmax

92 - 144 psi (typical range)

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability

The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use,

hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. SEE

Section 7 Handling.

Materials to avoid

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing

materials, acids,

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity Ingredient name

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol

LD50 Oral Rat 3,250 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rabbit 2,230 mg/kg LD50 Oral Mouse 2,500 mg/kg LD50 Dermal Rabbit 3,000 mg/kg

^{*} These values listed above are only representative values. A resin's characteristics may change depending upon the process and conditions of use at your facility or any changes made to the resin during use, including further grinding or mixing with other products. In order to obtain more specific data for your particular resin as it is used at your facility, we recommend that you conduct your own characterization testing.

Other Toxicological Information

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

Bisphenol A: Liver and questionable kidney and bladder effects were observed in animal feeding studies. Toxic levels of exposure resulted in weight loss in laboratory animals with other effects related to the weight loss as a consequence.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Ingredient name

4.4'-Isopropylidenediphenol

ACGIH

Not classified

IARC NTP Not classified Not listed

OSHA

Not regulated

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Bisphenol A: Another study on the effects of laboratory rats and mice exposed during pregnancy concluded that even doses high enough to be toxic to the pregnant animals did not alter fetal development of the pups.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Ingredient name

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol

Fresh water Acute LC50 4.6 mg/l/96 h

Fathead minnow

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transportation

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size or mode of transport. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

International transport regulations

Regulatory information

UN

number

Proper shipping name

Classes/*PG

Reportable Quantity (RQ)

CFR

Non-regulated

TDG

Non-regulated

IMO/IMDG

Non-regulated

*PG: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

US regulations

HCS Classification

Irritating material, Sensitizing material, Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

SARA 311/312 Classification Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic)

health hazard

SARA 313 - Supplier Notification

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and

Reauthorization Act of 1986, and Subpart C-Supplier Notification Requirement of 40

CFR Part 372.

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol - 80-05-7 (15.00%),

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances None required.

State regulations

Massachusetts RTK Substances The following components are listed: 4,4'-

Isopropylidenediphenol,

New Jersey RTK Hazardous Substances The following components are listed: 4,4'-

Isopropylidenediphenol,

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances The following components are listed:

4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,

California Prop. 65: None required.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,

International regulations

Chemical inventories

Europe inventory All components are listed or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ENCS) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are listed or exempted.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System III

(U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 3

Physical hazards: 0

Chronic: *

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS®

materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Prepared by

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Version

3.2

Notice to reader

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