

Project H.I.K.E. – Heat Island Kartographic Environment

1.09 – Heat Island Map 2

Our project is a portable data logger that tracks temperature, humidity, location, and time. The data is stored locally, then transferred to a cloud-based storage system and displayed on an interactive heat map.

Why is it Important?

- City planners will be able to identify “hot-spots” to determine methods of integrating heat-dispersing features for the development of heat-conscious cities.
- This grows increasingly relevant, as per the EPA¹, excessive heat is responsible for increased energy consumption and decreased public health.

Requirements

- Records temperature, humidity, time, position (GPS) locally with ease of access for uploading to cloud storage.
- 40 x 40 x 100 mm max size, 150g max weight.
- 4 hour / 48 hour battery life (operating / idle).
- Rich information display via webapp overlaid on a map

Cost and Budget

Original Unit Cost Requirement:
\$30.00/unit

Unit Cost to Date:
\$31.72/unit

Next Steps

- Reduce unit cost
- Determine best sampling rates for GPS
- Implement the Interactive map
- Determine and test battery level indications
- Perform and document tests of individual subsystems
- Integrate all subsystems into final design
- Collect data sets for data validation
- Ensure device can handle physical tests of rain simulation and dropping
- Test low power mode duration and limitations
- Build multiple prototypes for Spring 2023 Senior Design Day

Meet the Team



Project Manager: Jeremy Hester, *Scheduler and Interactive Heat Map*
Team Members: Leigh Cross, *Sensors (Temperature, Humidity, GPS)*
 Jack Hotchkiss, *User Interface and Data Management*
 Samuel Osagie-Arya, *Power Storage and Distribution*

Acknowledgements

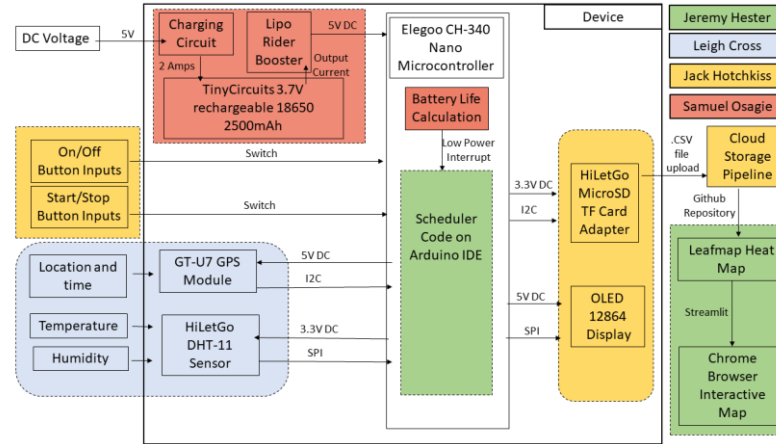
Sponsor: Lee Hinkle

Faculty Advisor: Lee Hinkle

D2 Mentors: Kayla Adderley, Ryan Fassnidge, AJ Holley, Skylar Roath

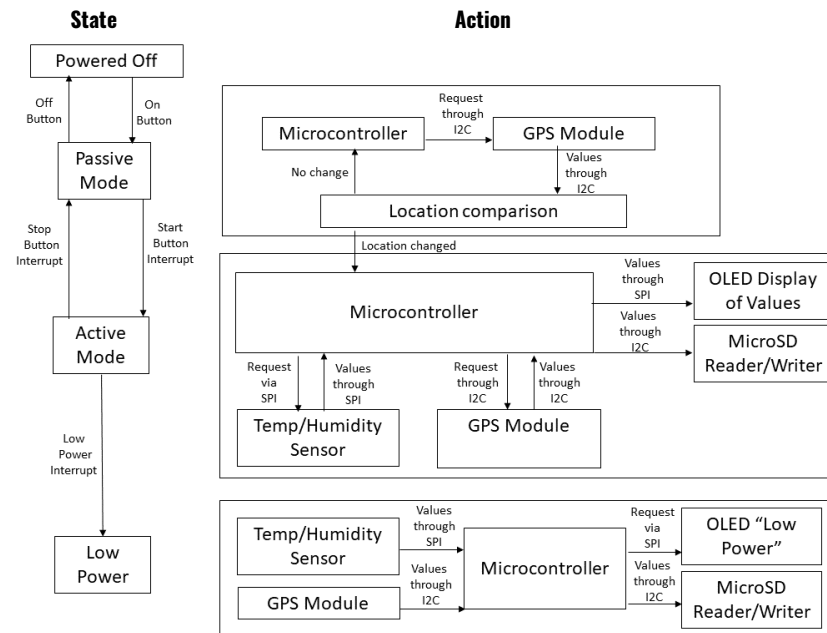
¹ EPA. [Online]. Available: <https://www.epa.gov/heatislands/learn-about-heat-islands#impacts>. [Accessed: 28-Sep-2022].

Functional Block Diagram

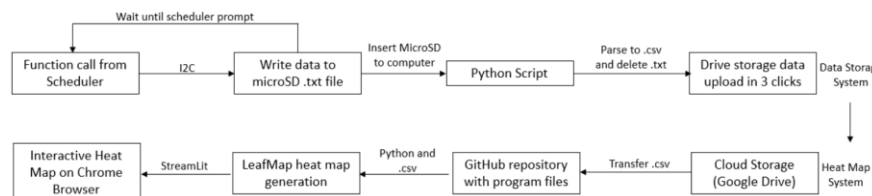


Scheduler Flow Chart

The scheduler is a state machine that regulates the timing of individual subsystems.



Data Storage to Interactive Map Flow Chart

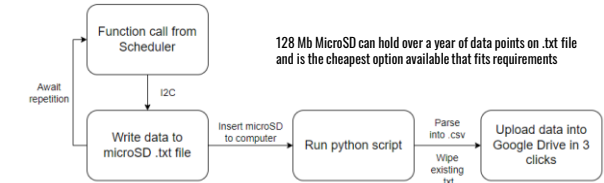


User Interface

| Model 12864 - 0.96 inch OLED | |
|------------------------------|--------|
| Pixel Count | 128x64 |
| Operating Voltage | 5V |



Data Storage and Management



Sensors

| DHT11 – Temperature / Humidity Sensor | | GT-U7 – GPS Module | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Communication Protocol | One-wire / Digital Pin | Communication Protocol | One-wire / SPI |
| Supply Voltage | 3 to 5.5V DC | Time to First Fix (Cold Start) | 26 – 32 sec. |
| Temperature Range | 0 to 50°C (-32°F to 122°F) | Time to First Fix (Hot Start) | ≈ 1 sec. |
| Accuracy | +/- 2°C (at 0 to 50°C) [+/- 3.6°F (at -32° to 122°F)] | Velocity Accuracy | +/- 0.1 m/s |
| Response Time | Range ≈ 6 - 15 sec. | Heading Accuracy | +/- 0.5° |

Power Budget

| Power Allocation | | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Components | Current (mAh) | Voltage(V) | Power(mWh) |
| 18650 Lithium-Ion Rechargeable Battery | 2500 | 3.7 | 9250 |
| Components | Current (mA) | Voltage(V) | Power(mW) |
| Arduino (Nano) | 19 | 5 | 95 |
| SD Card module | 200 | 3.3 | 660 |
| OLED Display | 24 | 5 | 120 |
| Temp Humidity Module | 2.5 | 3.3 | 8.25 |
| GPS Module | 45 | 5 | 225 |
| Total | 290.5 mA | N/A | 1108.25 mW |
| Battery Life Expected | | | |
| | High Sampling Rate | Average Sampling Rate | Low Sampling Rate |
| Active Use | 6.4 hours | 11.1 hours | 17.6 hours |
| Passively On | 28.8 hours | 60.9 hours | 84 hours |