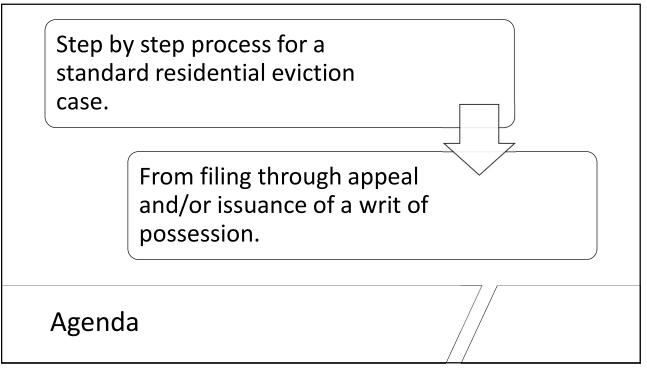
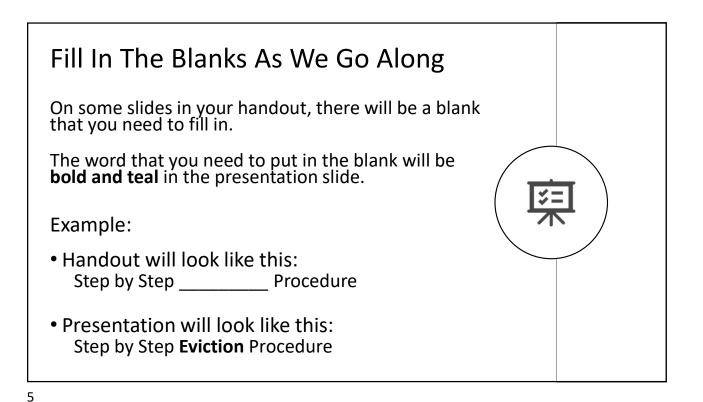
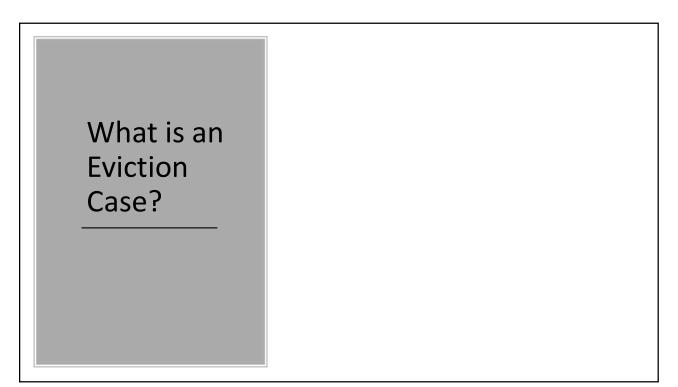


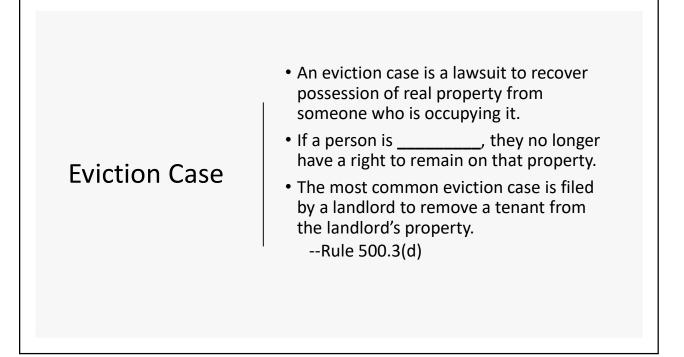
Evictions Deskbook	• <u>www.tjctc.org/tjctc-resources/Deskbooks.html</u>
TJCTC Website: Forms, Charts, SRL Packets, Legal Board, Self- Paced Modules, Webinars, etc.	• <u>www.tjctc.org/tjctc-resources.html</u>
Property Code CH. 24, 92-94	• <u>statutes.capitol.texas.gov</u>
Rules 500-507 and 510, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure	• <u>www.txcourts.gov/rules-forms/rules-standards/</u>
Resources	

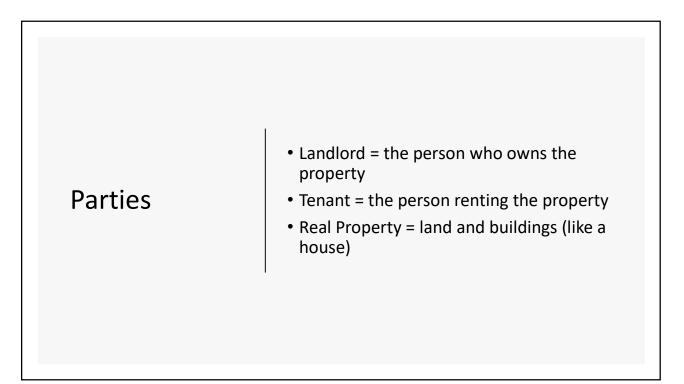




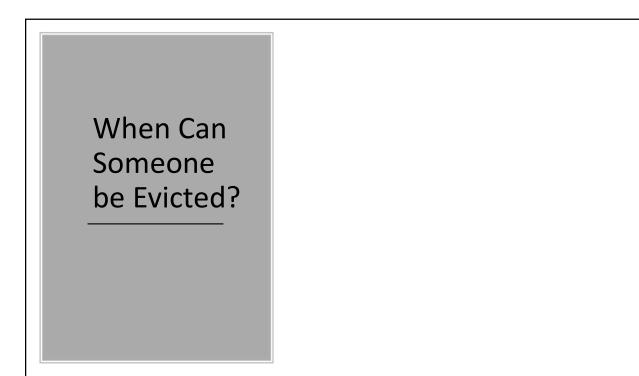








• Chapter 24 & 92-94 of the Property Code o These are laws enacted by the Legislature • Rule 510 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure What laws ○ This is a rule from the Texas Supreme and rules Court that deals specifically with eviction cases apply? o Rules 500-507 (the general rules in civil cases also apply in eviction cases but if there is any conflict, follow Rule 510) • Any local rules/ordinances that conflict with state laws are not valid.

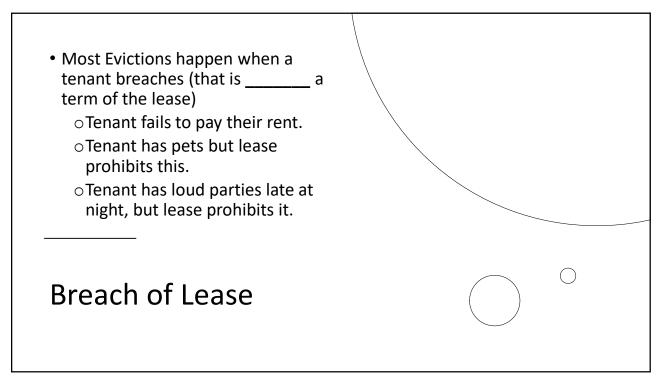


Poll #1:

A landlord can pursue eviction of any tenant at any point if they decide they don't want the tenant living on their property anymore.

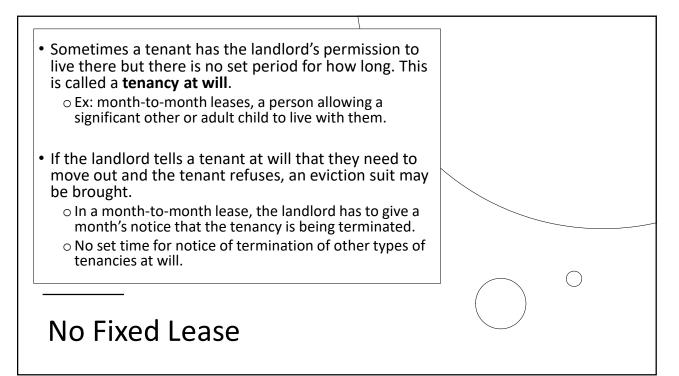
A. True

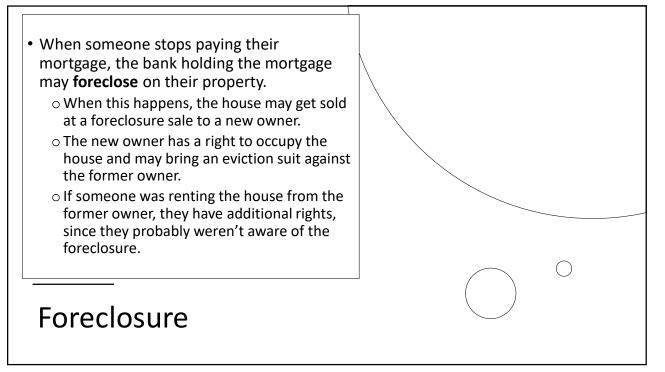
B. False

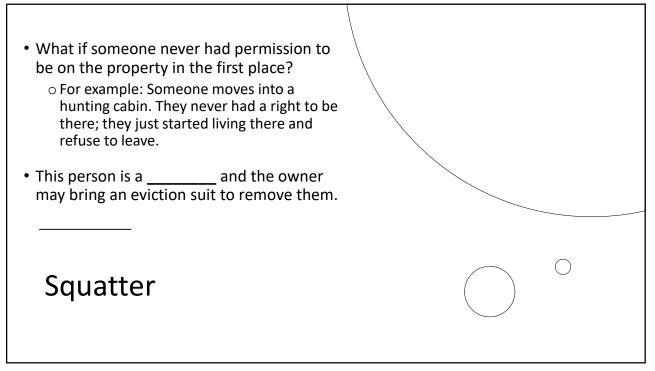


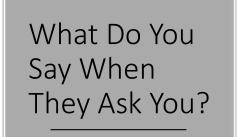
- An eviction may also occur when a tenant's lease or right to stay on the property has ended but they don't leave.
- For example:
 - The lease is for six months. At the end of the six months, the landlord does not renew and the tenant refuses to move out.

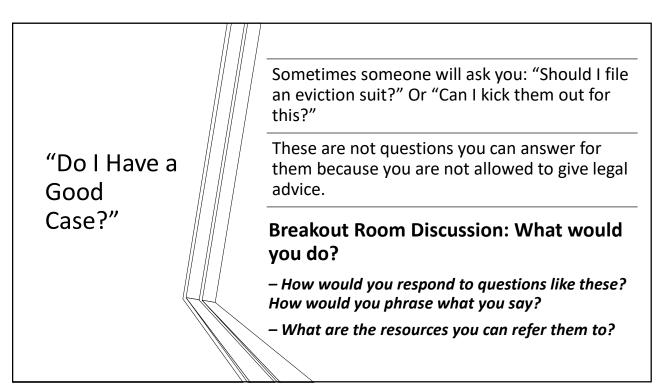
End of Lease

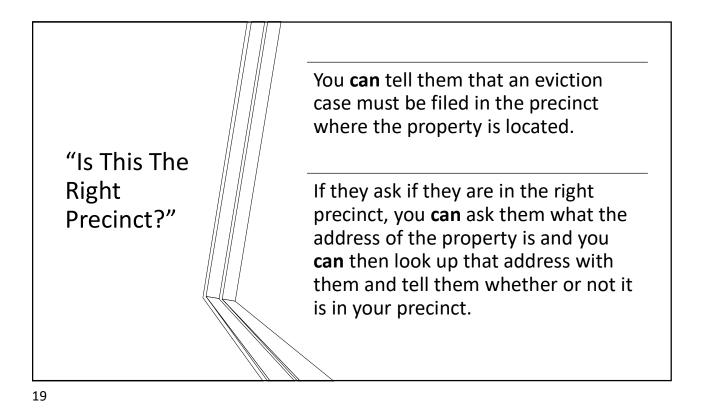


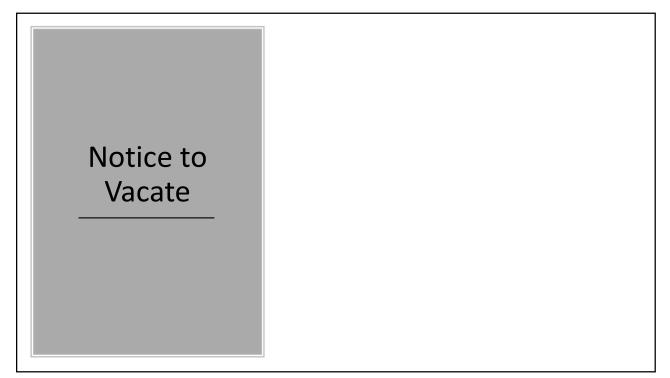


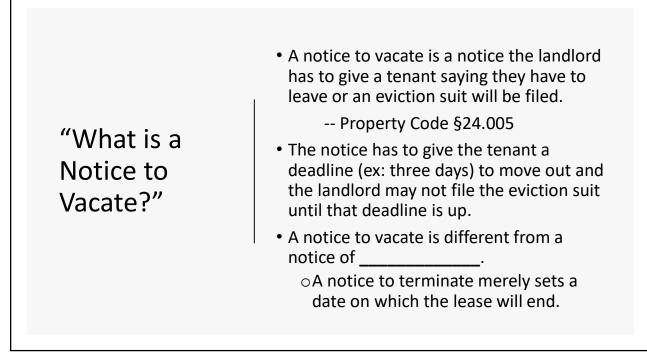


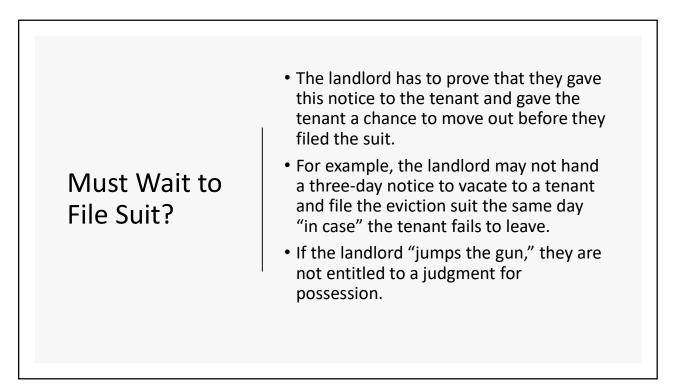




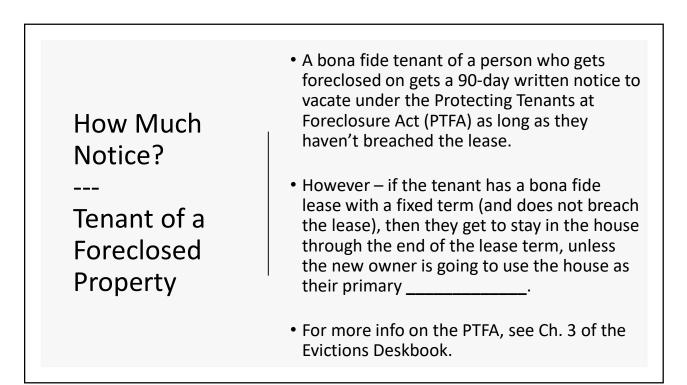


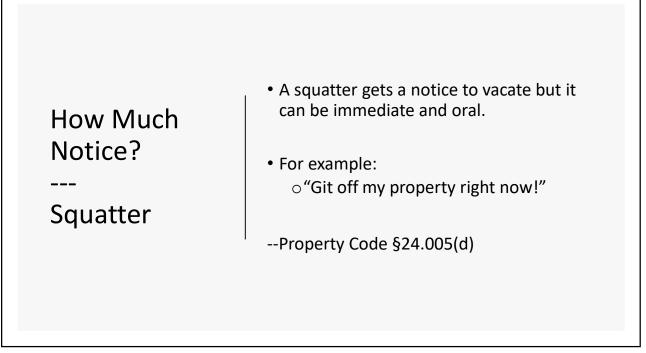






How much notice does the tenant get? In most cases a tenant gets three days' written notice to vacate. But the lease might have a shorter or longer period. For example, it might say the landlord only has to give one day's notice to vacate. -- Property Code §24.005(a)



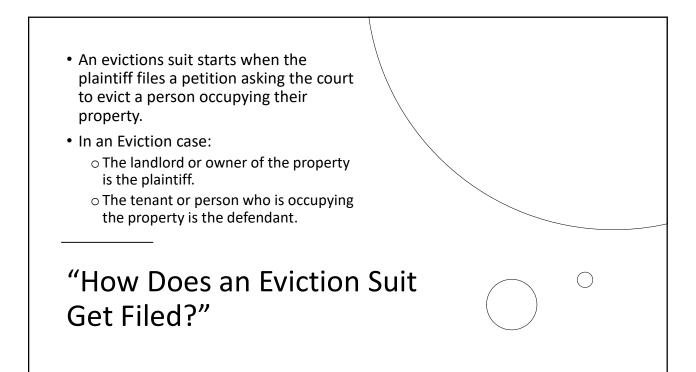


Poll #2:

A landlord gives you an eviction petition to file. You notice that the petition does not include any information about whether there was a proper notice to vacate. You should:

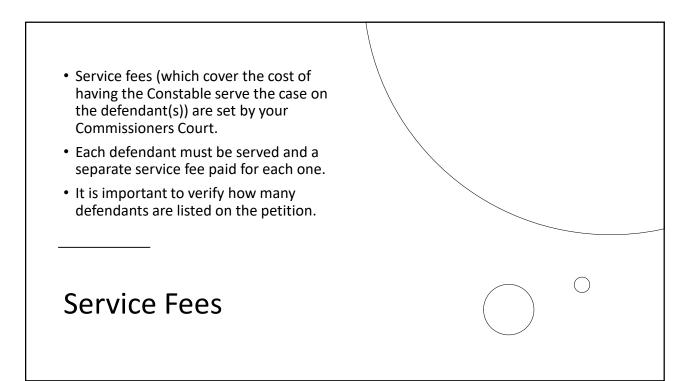
- A. Reject the filing.
- B. Tell the landlord that he needs to include information about the notice to vacate in the petition.
- C. Accept the filing and flag the potential issue for your judge.
- D. Accept the filing and don't say anything to your judge.

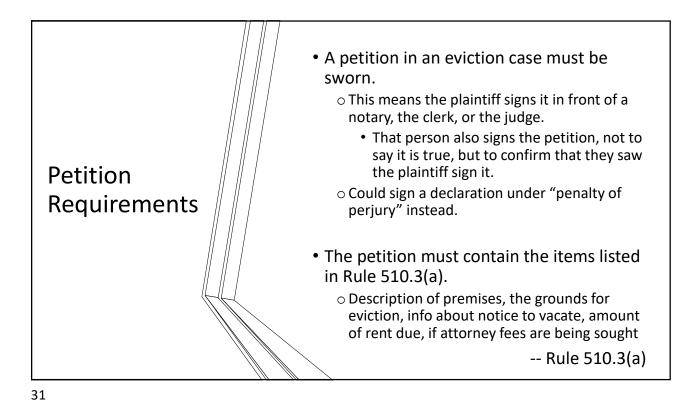


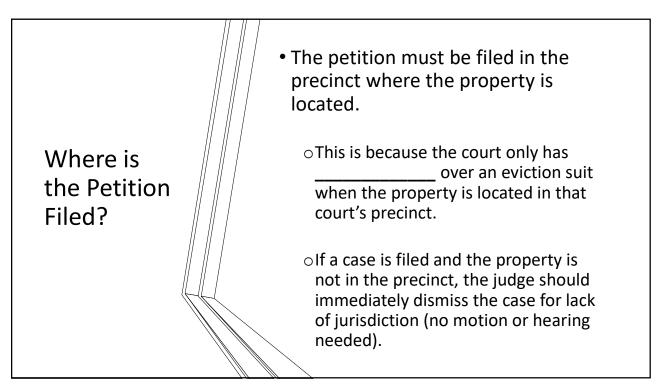


- When the landlord files a petition, they must also pay filing and service fees or file a Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs.
 - \circ The filing fee in most counties is \$54.
 - Remember: a clerk must make the Statement of Inability form available for free to anyone without the person having to _____ the form.
 Rule 502.3
 - A Statement of Inability can sometimes be contested – see Ch. 4, Section A of the Evictions Deskbook for more information on the procedures for this.

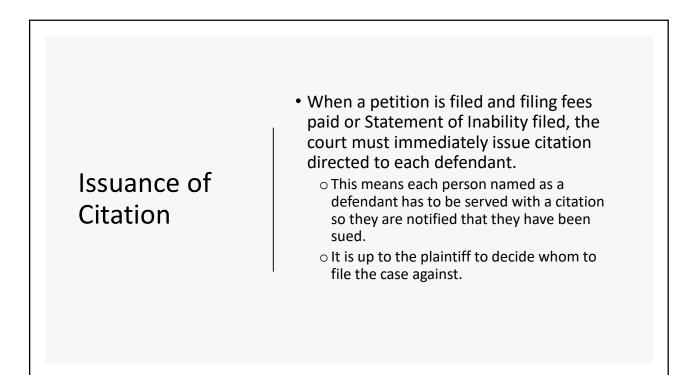
Filing and Service Fees

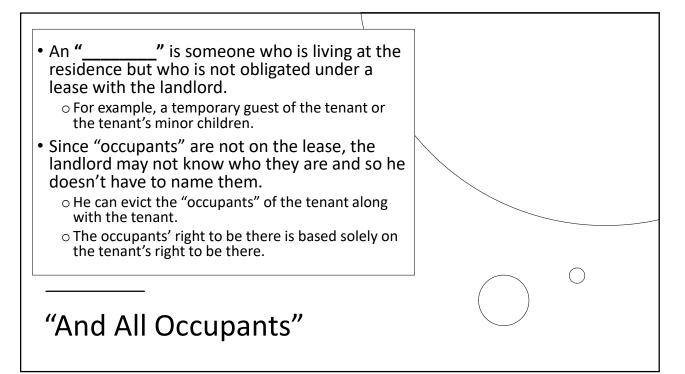


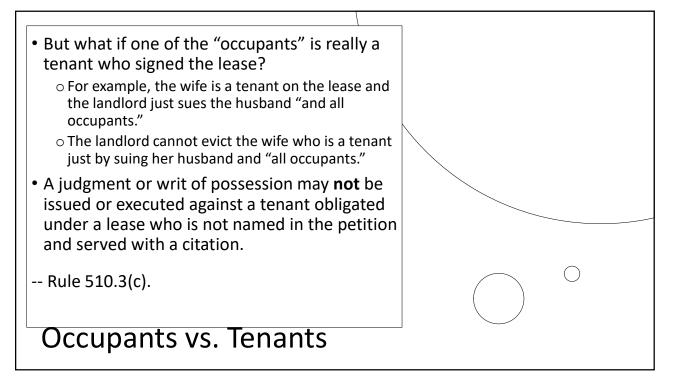








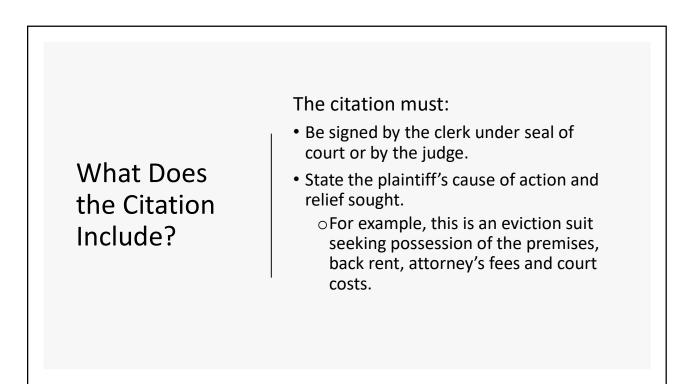




"Annotate" Tool Activity – Use the stamps to answer the question!

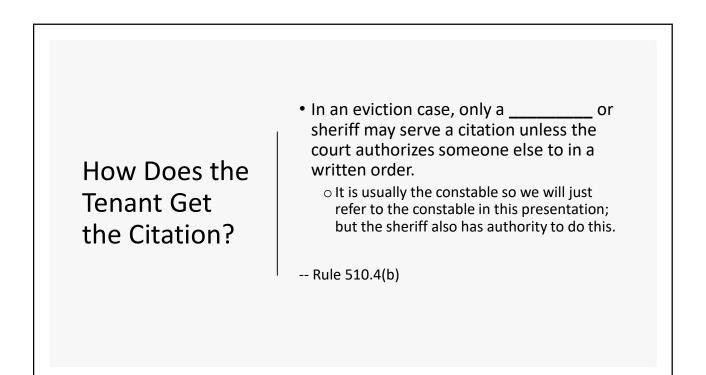
Arrow rented a house from Amber for him and his 10-year-old daughter Heart. A year later, Star moved in with them and was added to the lease. Arrow has now also subleased the garage apartment to Checkmark. Who is a tenant of Amber and who is an occupant?

Tenant	Occupant



What Does the Citation Include? (Continued)

- State the date of the trial (not less than 10 days nor more than 21 days after the petition is filed).
- State that if the defendant fails to appear for trial, a default judgment may be taken against them.
- Have a copy of the petition and any other documents filed with the petition attached.
 - Including the Statement of Inability if applicable.



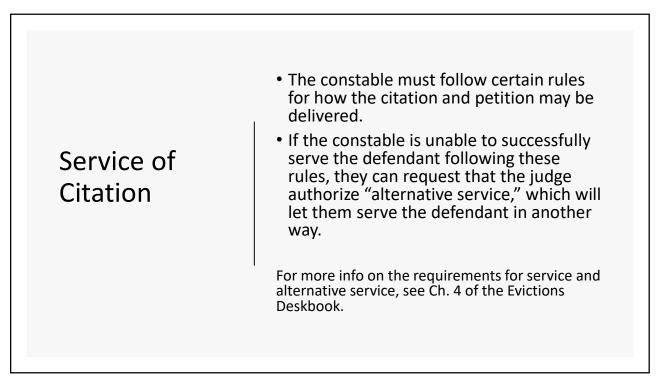
Poll #3

What if the plaintiff asks the court to authorize the plaintiff to serve the defendant? Should this be allowed?

A. Yes.

B. No.

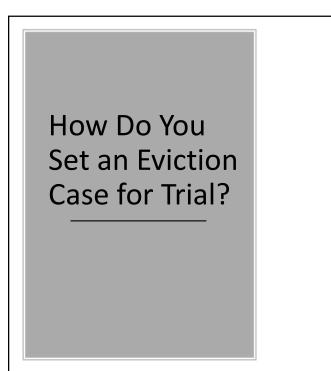
C. Only if the plaintiff is also a private process server.

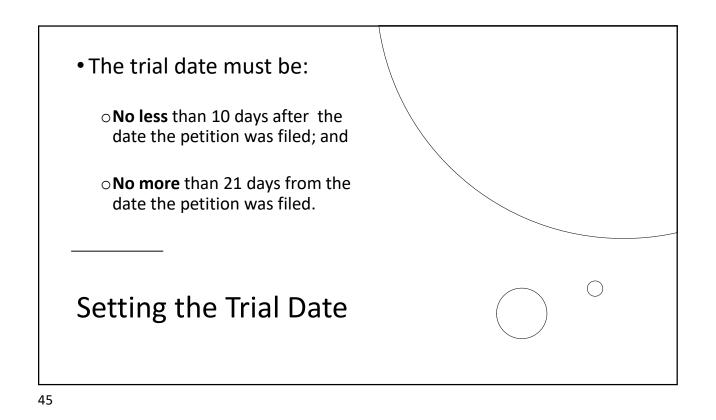


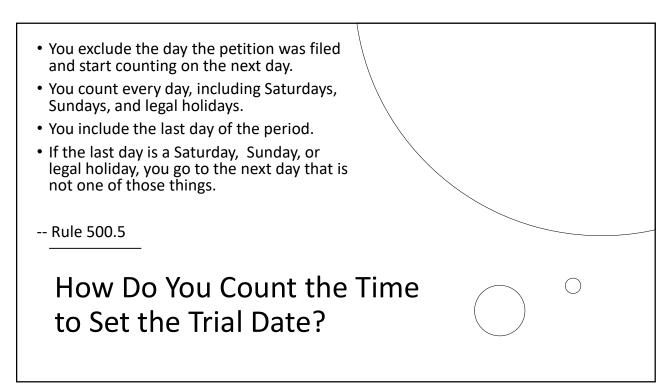
When Does the Tenant Have to be Served? • The tenant has to be served at least 6 days before the day set for trial.

-- Rule 510.4(b)

 The Return of Service has to be filed at least one day before the day set for trial.
 -- Rule 510.4(b)

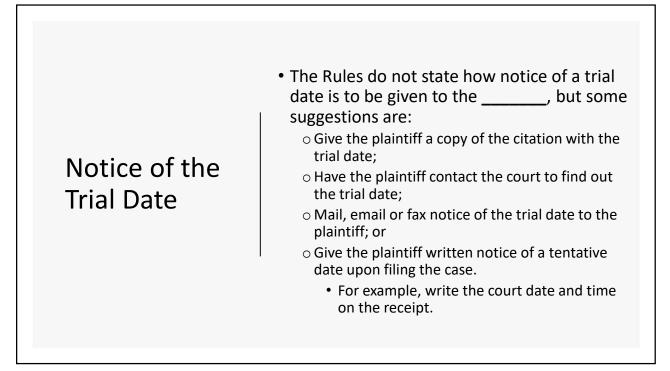


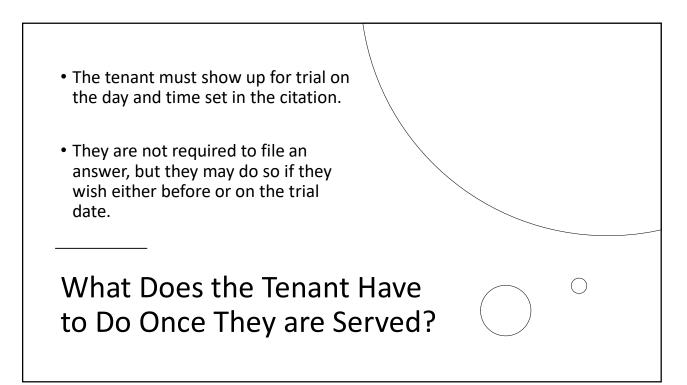


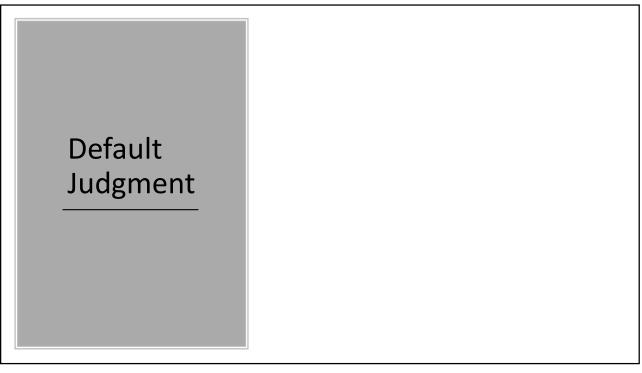


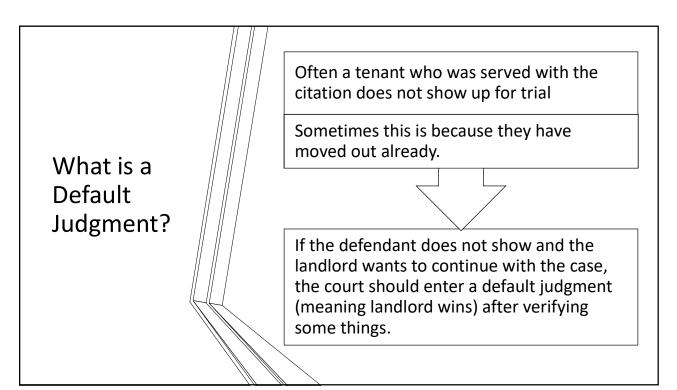
Setting	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday 1
	2	(Day 0) Case Filed	4 (Day 1) Independence Day Holiday	5 (Day 2)	6 (Day 3)	7 (Day 4)	8 (Day 5)
Trial Date	9 (Day 6)	10 (Day 7)	11 (Day 8)	(Day 9)	(Day 10) First day trial can be set	(Day 11)	(Day 12)
Example	(Day 13)	(Day 14)	18 (Day 15)	(Day 16)	(Day 17)	(Day 18)	(Day 19) ²²
	(Day 20)	(Day 21) Last day to set trial	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					

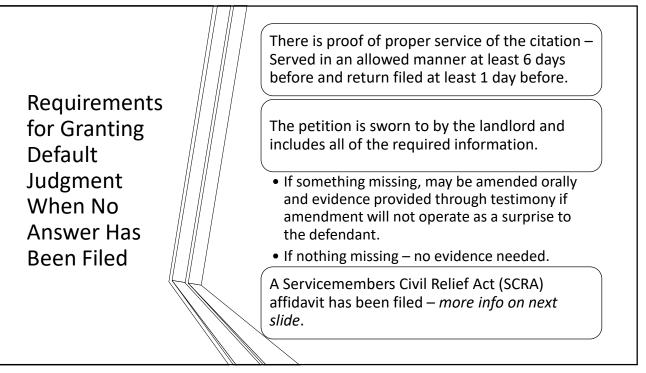
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Use the calendar to
1	2 Case Filed	3	4	5	6	7	calculate the trial date range:
8	9	10	11	¹² Holiday	13	14	The case was filed on the 2 nd , and the 12 th and 23 rd are holidays.
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	When is the first day trial can be set?
22	²³ Holiday	24	25	26	27	28	When is the last day trial can be set? Use the "Annotate"
29	30	31		1	1		tool to answer! (Heart stamp for first day, sta stamp for last day)

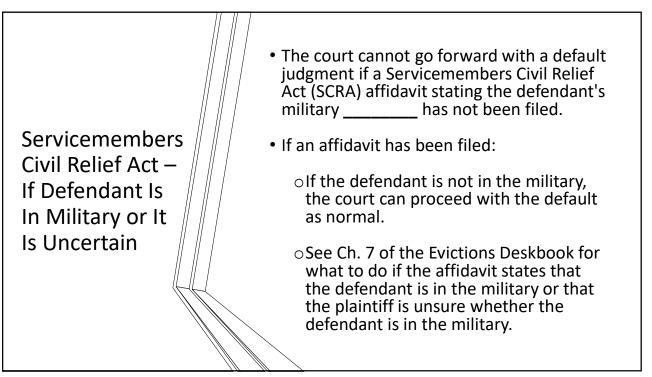


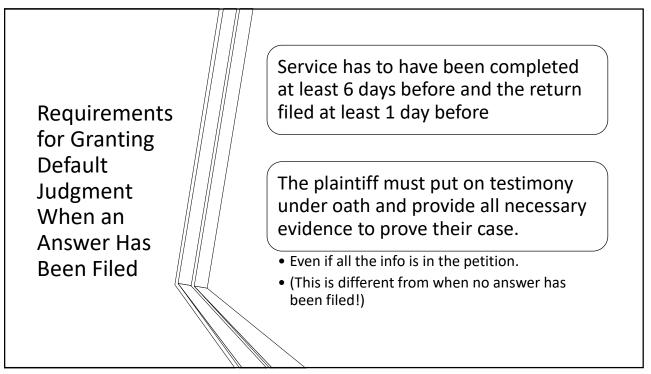


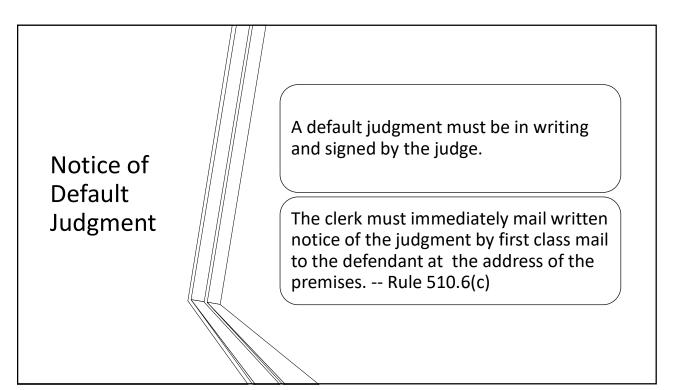


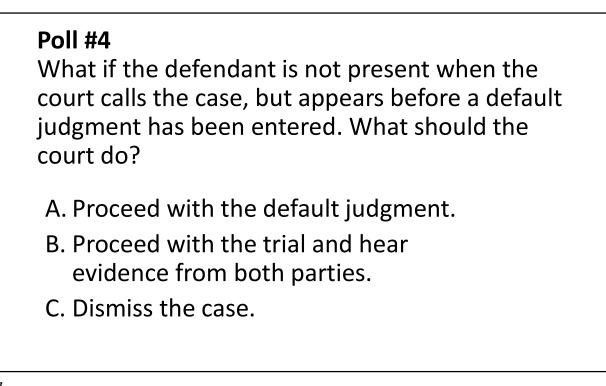


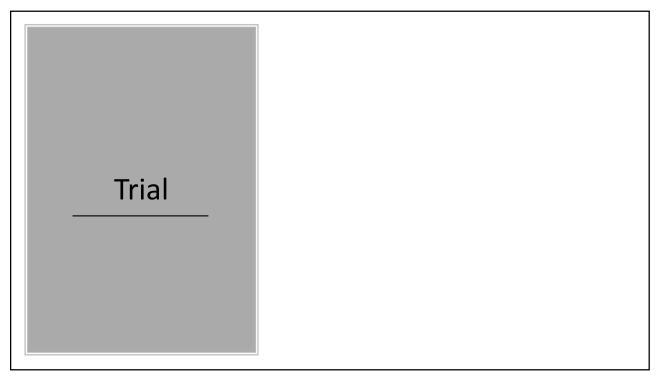








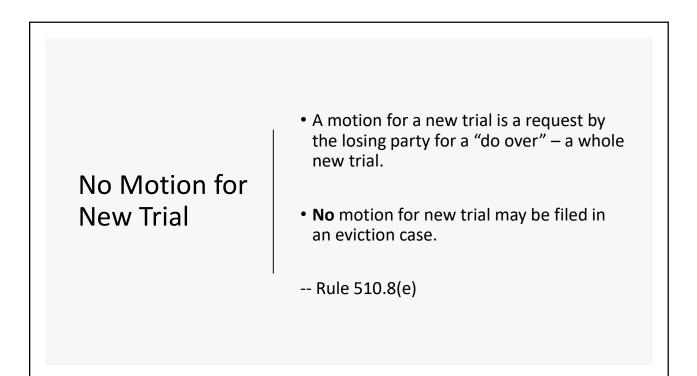


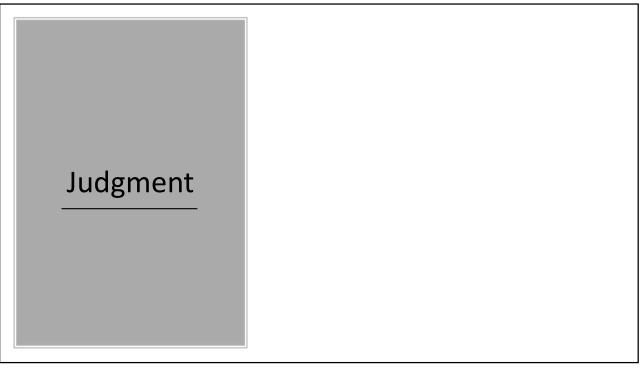


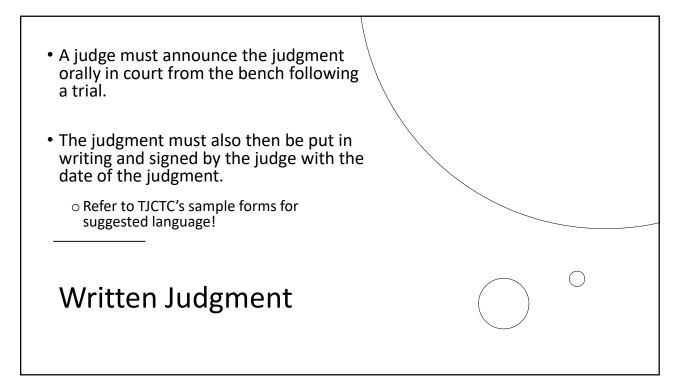
 If both parties appear, the case processed and the judge or jury hears evidence decision. For more info on conducting the triat Notebook and Ch. 4 of the Evictions If the landlord doesn't appear, the case or re-set. If the landlord doesn't appear, the case or re-set. The trial must be reset if it is less that service of the citation on the tenant day after the return of service has been of Unless both parties say they want to proceed – and no one can be pressed – Rule 510.7(a) 	e and makes a al, see the Trial 5 Deskbook ase can be an 6 days after or less than 1 een filed. o go ahead and
---	---

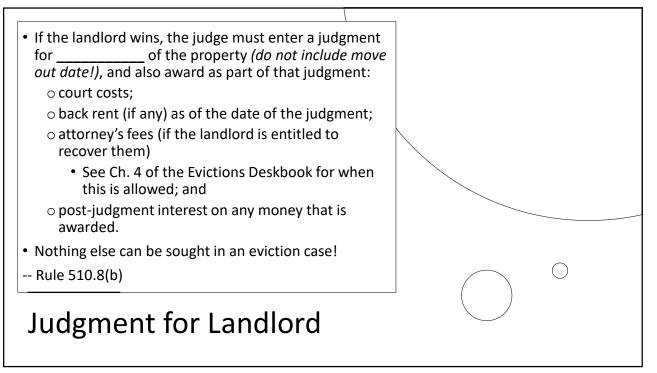
 Any party can make a written request for a jury at least 3 days before the trial date. They must pay a \$22 jury fee or file a Sworn Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs. If no jury is demanded, the case will be heard by the judge. Rule 510.7(b)
--

	 The trial must not be postponed more thanunless both parties agree in writing. Rule 510.7(c)
Postponement	 Circumstances beyond the control of the court or the parties may require some flexibility in applying this rule. For example: Unexpected court closings. Original trial date rescheduled due to citation being served less than six days before trial.





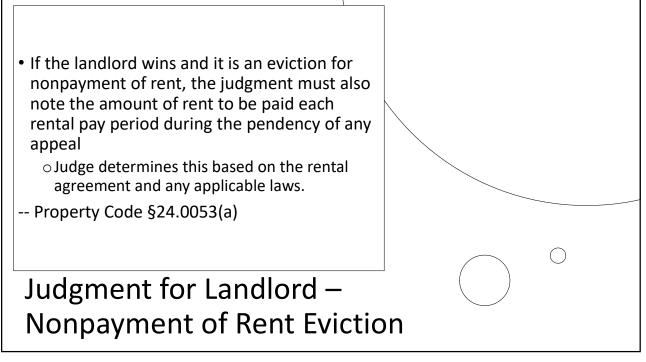


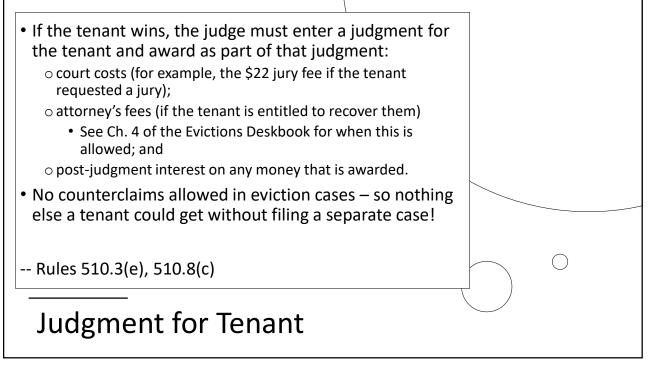


Poll #5

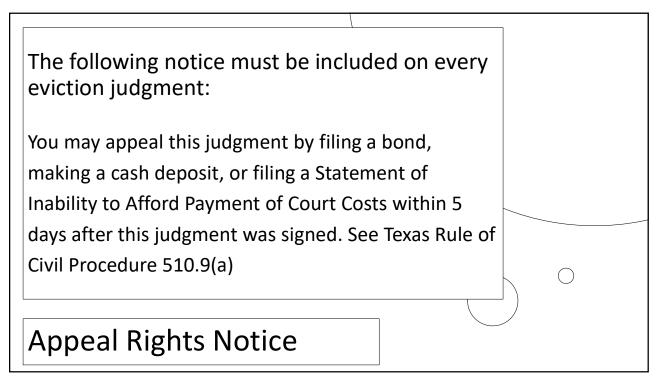
So what happens if the landlord has other issues they want to address, like wanting to be compensated for damages to the premises?

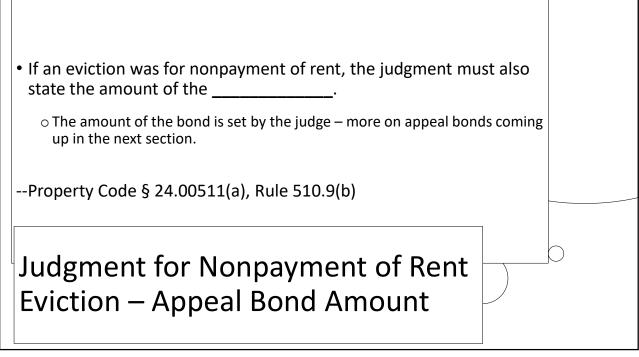
- A. They would have to file a separate small claims case to address any other issues.
- B. They would have to file a case in a different court to address any other issues.
- C. There is no remedy available for this under the law.

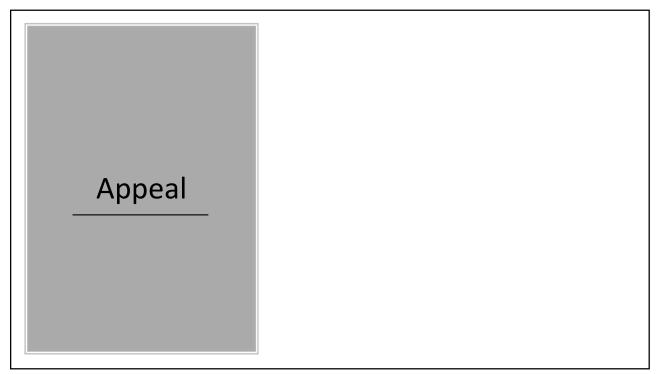








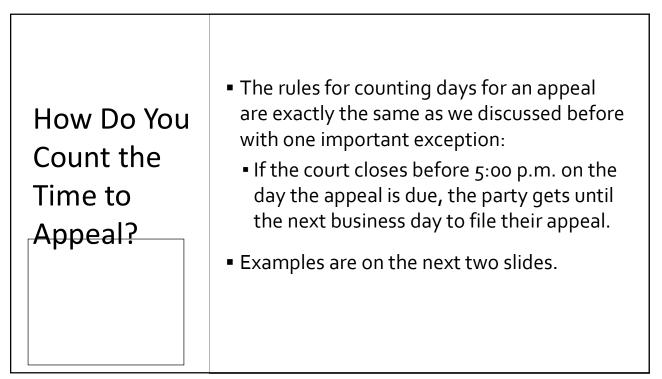




	 Either party (usually the one that loses the case) in justice court may file an appeal.
What Can the Losing	 An appeal of an eviction case is heard by a county court (or in some counties by a district court). Will be heard "de novo"
Party Do?	 This means the county court hears the case all over again from scratch. The county court does not review the justice court's decision to see if it is right or wrong.

	 A party may "perfect" an appeal within after the judgment is signed by filing:
How Does Someone Appeal?	 An appeal bond; This is a guarantee by the appealing party to pay what the appeal might cost the opposing party if the appealing party doesn't pursue the appeal, and to pay any judgment and costs awarded against the appealing party if they also lose on appeal. A cash deposit; or A statement of inability to afford payment of court costs. Note: Unless a Statement of Inability is filed, another filing fee is required at this time as well.
	Rule 510.9(a),(b)

Contest of Appeal Bond or Statement of Inability	 An appeal bond or a Statement of Inability can both sometimes be contested. See Ch. 4, Section F of the Evictions Deskbook for more information on the procedures and timeframes for these contests and what happens if they are sustained.
---	--



	September								
	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.		
						1	2		
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
		Labor Day	Judgment for	(Day 1)	(Day 2)	(Day 3)	(Day 4)		
			Possession						
			Signed						
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
Evampla 1	(Day 5)	(Day 6)	(Day 7)						
Example 1	Fifth day ends on a	Defendant	First day of						
	Sunday; therefore,	must file	writ of						
	defendant has until	appeal if court	possession						
	next day that is not a	does not close	may issue						
	Saturday, Sunday, or	before 5:00							
	legal holiday to file an	p.m.							
	appeal								
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		

	September						
	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
						1	2
	3	4 Labor Day	5 Judgment for Possession	6 (Day 1)	7 (Day 2)	8 (Day 3)	9 Day 4)
			Signed				
Example 2	10 (Day 5) Fifth day ends on a Sunday; therefore, defendant has until next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday to file an appeal	11 (Day 6) Court closes before 5:00 p.m.; therefore, defendant has until the next day to file appeal	12 (Day 7) Defendant must file appeal	13 (Day 8) First day a writ of possession may issue	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Poll #6

Our court closes at 4:30 p.m. every day. Does this mean the tenant always gets an extra day to file an appeal?

A. Yes B. No

D. IN

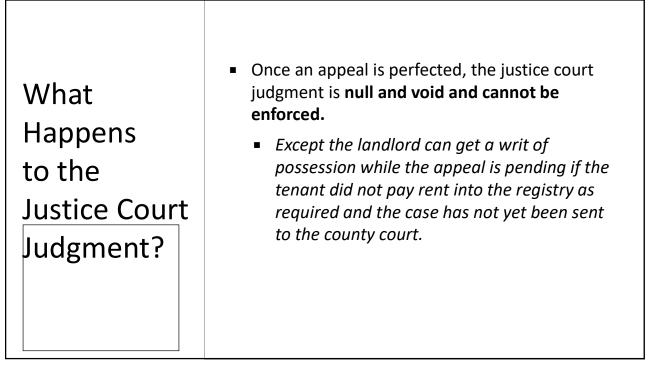
How Much is	 The judge must set the amount of the appeal bond or cash deposit so that it what it will cost the other party while the appeal is being decided.
the Appeal Bond or Cash Deposit?	 This may include the loss of rent to the plaintiff during the appeal, court costs, and attorney's fees in both the justice and county courts (if they are recoverable).
	 The court must also take into account any rent that is paid into the registry. Rule 510.11

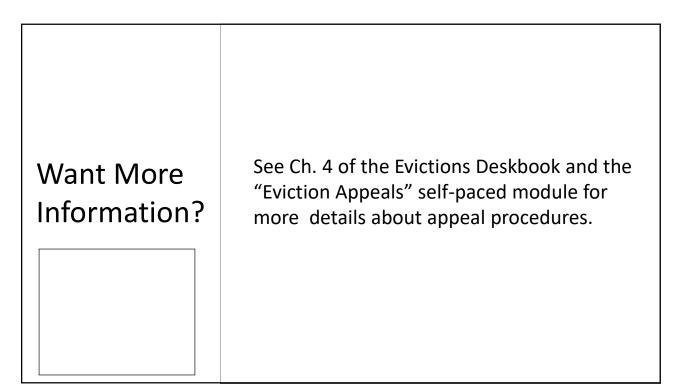
	If a tenant appeals an eviction suit for <i>nonpayment of</i> <i>ren</i> t by filing a <i>Statement of Inability to Afford Payment</i> <i>of Court Costs</i> or by filing an <i>appeal bond</i> , then the court must tell the tenant in writing:
Payment of	 that they have to pay one month's rent into the justice court registry;
Rent During	 how they have to pay it (cash, cashier's check or money order);
Appeal	 the date it has to be paid, which must be within 5 days of the date they filed the Statement of Inability or the appeal bond; and
	 that if they fail to pay by the required date, the court may issue a writ of possession without a hearing.
	Rule 510.9(c)(5)(A); Property Code § 24.0053(a-1)

Notice to Other Parties	 If a party files a Statement of Inability to Afford Payment of Court Costs, the court must also send a notice to all the other parties no later than the next business day telling them that a Statement was filed. This form is available at tjctc.org. Rule 510.9(d)
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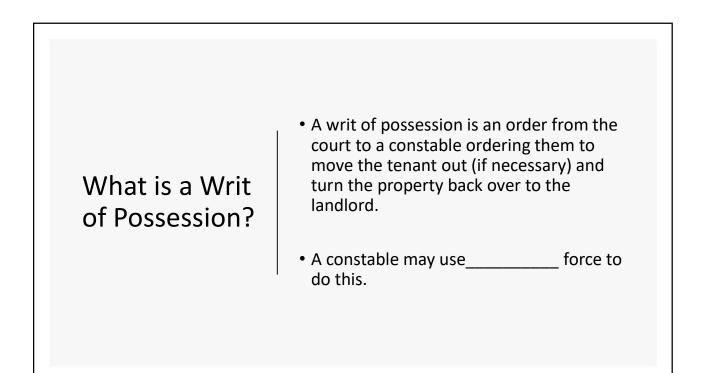
If Tenant Fails To Pay Into Registry	 If the tenant was given the notice but fails to pay the rent into the justice court registry by the date given in the notice, the landlord is entitled (upon request and payment of the applicable fee) to a writ of possession, which the justice court must issue immediately and without a But this <i>does not stop the appeal!</i> This just means that the tenant will not get to remain in the premises while their appeal is pending. <i>Note:</i> If the case has already been sent up to county court before they request the writ, then they must go to the county court to request it.
--	--

	 Once the appeal is perfected, the justice court must transmit all of the papers in the case to the clerk of the county court immediately.
Transmission of Case to <u>County Cour</u> t	 Exception: If a nonpayment of rent case is appealed with a Statement of Inability, the court may not send the case up before 6th day after the Statement was filed unless the rent has been paid into the registry.
	 If the tenant doesn't pay the rent into the registry, TJCTC recommends waiting 1-2 business days after the 6-day period has expired so the landlord can request a writ of possession if they want to.





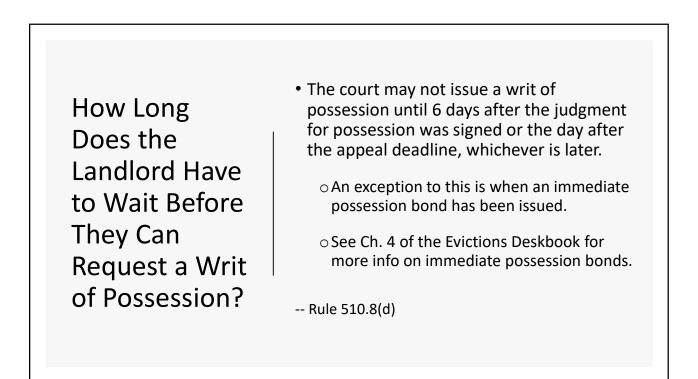




How Does a Landlord Get a Writ of Possession?

- If the court decides the case in favor of the landlord and signs a judgment for possession, the court has to issue a writ of possession if:
 - the landlord requests one after waiting the required amount of time (see next slide);
 - the tenant has not appealed (or has appealed, but hasn't paid rent into the registry as required and the case has not yet been sent up to the county court); and
 - The landlord pays the writ fee and the fee for having the constable serve the writ of possession on the tenant (or has filed a Statement of Inability).

-- Rule 510.8(d)



Poll #7

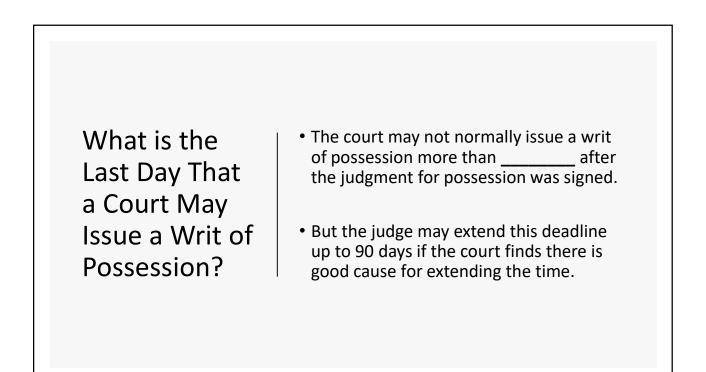
What is the exact page number of the Evictions Deskbook where the section on immediate possession bonds starts?

A. Page 10

B. Page 34

C. Page 51

D. Page 87



How Long is the Writ of Possession Good For? • A writ of possession cannot be *executed* (this is when the constable uses the writ that the court issued to remove the tenant from the property) more than 90 days after the date the judgment for possession was signed.

-- Rule 510.8(d)

